

SWINGS IN ANDHRA PRADESH AND KARNATAKA

Andhra Pradesh: TDP cannot come to power unless it gains in the second phase

Baseline for Phase-1: 147 seats

Seats in Assembly elections 2004

Assuming a 6 pp swing, as forecast, against TDP / BJP

33

107

Using this baseline what happens in Phase 2 if..

...pattern of voting same as in 1999

131

153

...there is a 2 pp swing against TDP / BJP

109

171

...there is a 4 pp swing against TDP / BJP

91

181

...there is a 6 pp swing against TDP / BJP

79

201

Note: Since the exit poll shows that a swing against TDP-BJP translates into direct gains for the Congress alliance, all the swings are calculated accordingly. So a swing of 2 percentage points has been calculated by deducting 2 percentage points from TDP-BJP votes in all the Phase 2 constituencies and adding the same to the Congress or its allies. pp = percentage point.

Karnataka: Everything depends on how much the JD (S) gains and at whose expense

Seats in Assembly elections 2004

	Congress	BJP + JD (U)	JD (S)
Swings as estimated by exit / opinion polls*	117	57	18

What happens if..

If JD (S) gains 5 pp but there is a 3 pp swing against the Congress and a 2 pp swing against NDA

110

66

17

If JD (S) gains 5 pp at the expense of the Congress

92

83

20

If JD (S) gains 7 pp at the expense of everyone else

113

60

22

If JD (S) gains 9 pp at the expense of everyone else

112

59

24

*5 pp for JD (S), 2 pp against Congress and 3 pp against NDA

Note: Since JD (S) base is concentrated in Old Mysore region, this calculation spreads the swings disproportionately. The gains of JD (S) in Old Mysore are assumed to be double, as compared to the other regions. pp = percentage point.